

Rapid Incident Scene Clearance (R.I.S.C.)



















Today's Training Objectives

- Overview of the RISC program
- Identify RISC communications procedures
- Indentify responsibilities during RISC response
- Identify financial incentive bonus categories
- Identify RISC implementation scenarios





What is "RISC" ?

An innovative State-wide program offering:

and recovery companies that can quickly respond and clear incidents involving:

- Large commercial vehicles
- Large non-commercial vehicles such as RV's or large marine vessels in transport.





Purpose & Scope

Purpose

- Safely & quickly remove major incidents from the highway with a goal of resuming normal, safe traffic operations as quickly as possible.
- Reduce the potential risk of secondary crashes

Scope

- RISC is only activated on limited access highways at this time per contract language (i.e. I-75, I-275, interchanges)
- RISC is activated when the vendor can 'rapidly' open the road using ultra-heavy-duty equipment
- Incidents involving large vehicles should NOT automatically trigger RISC





Response Partners

- Florida Highway Patrol
- The Florida Turnpike
- FDOT Motor Carrier Compliance
- Local Law Enforcement
- Local Fire and EMS agencies
- FDOT Districts and RTMCs
- Florida Independent Towing and Recovery Association
- Professional Wreckers of Florida





RISC Funding & Restrictions

- Funded for 2 years with \$2 million per year and then will be evaluated for continual funding
- Only used for incidents on limited access facilities such as the Interstate or incidents closing the Interstate
- Exit ramps and entrance ramps, and interchanges are included, if incident significantly impacts travel on the main line.





Why RISC?

- Standardizes vendor response requirements
- Pre-identify available equipment and vendors
- Cash incentives for safe, quick & efficient work
- Limited vendors have specialized equipment to right and remove a large, over-turned vehicle
- Delayed wrecker arrival times or inadequate types of equipment often leads to increased traffic delays and greater risk of secondary collision
- Proven results ... aligned with TIM Team strategy





Open - Roads Policy

- Quick Clearance = Reduction of exposure to responders
- Quick Clearance = Reduction in traffic queue congestion
- Quick Clearance = Reduction in secondary crashes

RISC program is a "tool" for effective Traffic Incident Management (TIM)





Contractor Expectations

- Maintain adequate communications equipment
- Maintain 24 hour contact information to dispatch centers / TMC personnel
- FDOT & FHP not responsible for lost work activities due to:
 - malfunctioning cell phones
 - outdated contact information
 - outdated Point of Contacts
 - missing time stamp notifications





Sharing Information

 Either RTMC or FHP communications center will record key time stamps for RISC Given from the Contractor

 Traffic Management Centers and TIM must have these records All Time Stamps to begin coordinate cost recovery





What makes an incident a candidate for RISC?

Incident Location

- Is the incident near or in a Major City?
- Is the incident at or near Major interstate interchange?
- Are viable alternate routes available?

Time of Incident occurrence

- Did the incident occur at or near rush hour periods?
- Is there a special event planned or occurring?
- Is it a holiday weekend?

Condition of vehicle

- Are the tires burned off?
- Is the vehicle upright?
- Has the vehicle lost its load?





RISC Vehicle Classes

 Tractor Trailer Combinations & trucks 16,000 lbs.+ Rollover blocking 1 or more travel lanes Multiple truck crash •Lost load on / or affecting the travel lanes Load shifted on or affecting a travel lane •Lost tandems or split trailer on or affecting a travel lane Truck fire with tires burned off or cargo spilled •Major impact with or on top of: barrier wall •guard rail bridge support





Guidelines for possible RISC activation

•Motor Homes* & Motor Coaches and Busses (16 + passengers)
•Rollover blocking 1 or more travel lanes
•Fire with tires burned off or burned debris on the roadway
•Major impact with or on top of:

•barrier wall
•guard rail
•bridge support

- Aircraft
 - •Any incident affecting the travel lanes
- •Large yacht type boats

Note: any complex or extended incident where vehicles are not easily towed from the scene or are creating a traffic hazard may be candidates for using the "Vendor" as directed by the District. *Includes but not limited to Mobile Homes, Modular Homes, or Modular Buildings





FHP & FDOT

- FDOT Fort Myers Regional Communications Center is responsible for tracking incident times.
- FHP / RTMC Dispatch will communicate as much information about the incident to the contractor
 - Location
 - Vehicle Types & number
 - CVO details

- Scene Description
 - Load Information
- Scene Access Information





Key RISC times

State-wide program performance measurement

Incident occurrence time detected

Usually a 911 call transferred to *FHP or Road Ranger or ITS tools

Incident verification

Usually a Road Ranger or Trooper on-scene or ITS tools

Incident cleared

Usually a Trooper on-scene





Key RISC times

Key Times for Incentive Payment

- Notification to vendor of request to activate RISC
 - 15 minutes for contractor to respond by phone and confirm RISC activation. (ETA is helpful)
- Vendor arrival on scene
 - 60 minutes to arrive on scene with 2 wreckers and MOT
 - 60 Minutes for additional Equipment
- •Notice to Proceed given (NTP)
 - 90 minutes to clear all lanes "Open Roads Policy"
 - On Hold Stop time + Off Hold Re-Start Time



Incident Scene completely cleared=

ALL LANES OPEN TO TRAFFIC (Normal Condition)



The Incident

Time Outs or Time Suspensions

- RISC clearance activities halted by a responding agency official (Fire, FHP, FDEP, FDOT...etc)
- Time is considered frozen until the situation that forced the stoppage is resolved.
- Vendor is allowed time to re-establish equipment positioning if needed, otherwise the 90 minute clock will start again from where it was originally stopped.





Rotation Lists

- 2 or more qualified contractors in an area
- Rotation system to maintain fairness to the contractors.
- FHP or the TMC will manage the rotation list.
- If there is only one vendor for an area and the vendor is unable to respond because of another incident; the next closet qualified vendor will be requested.

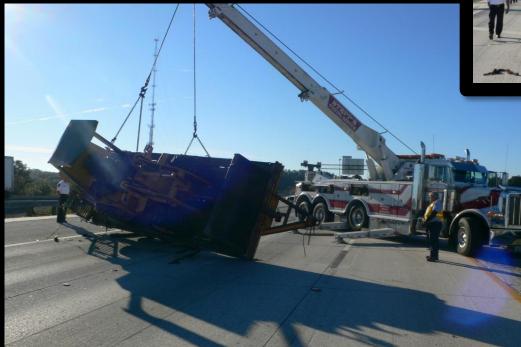


















I-75 Northbound before I-4
Flatbed with Caterpillar equipment overturned blocking 3 lanes
Response time: 12 minutes
Clearance Time: 22 minutes

Total lane closure time: 50 minutes





The Incident

- FHP or FDOT decides to activate RISC
 - 60 minute clock for \$600 incentive begins
 - If RISC is activated and arrives on scene within 60 minutes they receive \$600 arrival incentive; unless given Notice to Proceed.
- No time window between arrival of vendor and Notice to Proceed
- Responsible party may request their own towing service
 - If the requested service provider can arrive and clear the scene in an expedited manner, they are allowed to do so.
- FHP or FDOT may stop work & direct the removal of a non-RISC vendor if vendor is unable to properly handle the incident and RISC vendor will be given Notice to Proceed.





The Incident

- Notice to proceed:
 - Investigating law enforcement or FDOT permits incident clearance activities to begin
 - contractor has 90 minutes to clear the travel lanes and/or shoulders
 - After 90 minutes, contractor looses the incentive but not assessed liquidated damages.
 - After 180 minutes contractor assessed liquidated damages
- Incident cleared
 - All evidence of the incident is removed from the roadway and shoulders.





Initial Response

- In most instances, FHP or local law enforcement will control the scene
- Consider best placements for response vehicles
- Establish MOT with available resources
- Consider alternate routes / detours
- Activate ITS for advance traveler warning FDOT
- Note times and number of lanes impacted
- Note potential HAZMAT situations
- Consider need for RISC activation





Required Vendor Equipment

- 1. One 50-Ton hydraulic, extendable, fixed boom, ultraheavy duty recovery wrecker (100,000 lbs. rating)
 - under reach tow unit with a capacity of 50,000 lbs.
- 2. One 35 ton capacity heavy duty type wrecker
 - Mobile cranes are allowed if equipped for crash recovery

One of these units must be a <u>Rotator</u> type wrecker.







Required Vendor Equipment

3. Support vehicle with enclosed or utility body (or trailer)

- Roof mounted DOT approved arrow board
- stocked with traffic control devices (signs, sign stands and cones etc.)
- 4. Heavy-duty skid steer loader with bucket, broom, and fork attachments. (considered as extra equipment)







Additional Equipment

- Request when:
 - Vehicle loses its load
 - Unless load can be replaced onto original trailer
 - Vehicle not capable of normal towing, once righted
 - vendor needs extra equipment to prevent further roadway damage
 - there is significant crash debris
- Contractor receives \$600 incentive when FDOT or FHP requests additional equipment and the equipment arrives on scene (60 min).
- Once equipment is utilized in the response, the incentive payment is increased to \$1000





Required Subcontractor Services

- Additional Trucks & Heavy Equipment Requirements
 - 1 Tandem axle *tractor* with a sliding fifth wheel
 1 Rubber tired, articulated, heavy construction *end loader* with a minimum 2 yard bucket
- A Maintenance of Traffic (MOT) Contractor to provide & set up FDOT compliant work zone traffic controls including a Worksite Traffic Supervisor.





Required Subcontractor Services

- A **Disposal Company** that can deliver dumpsters or hoppers for crash debris, fire debris and/or spilled non-hazardous cargo to the scene of an incident.
- A Vacuum /Suction Service for off loading or recovering spilled grains, powders, plastic pellets, etc







Hazardous Materials

Non-cargo hazardous materials/vehicle fluids

- •Use State of Florida Incident Vehicle Spill guidelines
 - Materials included in guidelines are: oil, transmission fluid, diesel fuel /gasoline, anti-freeze and brake fluid.
- •Clean-up of these materials can be handled by on scene personnel.

Hazardous Materials Cargo

- Require specialized response activities including: protective gear, special handling precautions, additional protective measures including evacuations.
- Incident is likely to require significant time to clear
- RISC vendors are not HAZMAT clean-up contractors.
- Responsible party requirements





Subcontractor Services

- A Trucking or Transport company that can provide dump, refrigerator or flat bed trucks and trailers.
- A Construction Crane Rental Company 50 ton or larger mobile cranes.

A source of bulk sand available 24 / 7





Subcontractor Services

- 1 Tilt bed, hydraulic, lowboy semi-trailer
 - Landoll or equivalent
 - with a 35 ton capacity, 48 ft. bed
 - and a 20,000 lb. winch with 75 ft. of 5/8" cable







Cost Recovery

- FDOT claims process will require
 - Contractor invoices
 - Event timeline (Time Stamps)
 - Crash report from Law Enforcement Agency
 - Crash case number
 - Digital Photographs from contractor (w/Date stamp)





Liquidated Damages

- Vendor has not completed removal and clearance of vehicles, non-hazardous cargo, debris and vehicle fluids
 180 minutes after Notice to Proceed
- All travel lanes and/or shoulders are not open
 - flat rate of <u>\$600</u> is assessed against the Vendor at the discretion of the authorized FDOT representative
 - Additional <u>\$600</u> assessed for each additional hour
 - or <u>\$10</u> per minute until roadway is completely open to traffic
- Exceptions:
 - Hazardous Material cargo
 - damage to the roadway infrastructure which prohibits reopening the travel lanes





Summary

- Accuracy of recorded times (Time Stamps) are important
 - contractors incentives
 - FDOT will attempt to recover costs from responsible party
 - Documentation will be reviewed and possibly refuted, should the responsible party question the RISC times.
- Program performance
 - reduction of incident clearance times







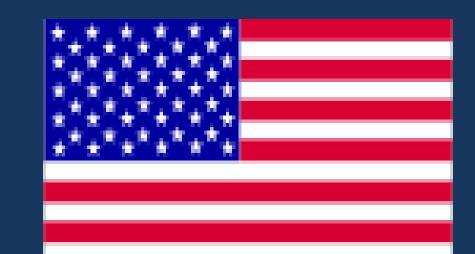
RISC Program

- Incentive payments based on vendor promptness & accuracy
- Investigating officers: "Time Stamping" discrete events during incident response is extremely helpful.
 - Arrival of RISC vendor on scene
 - Notice to Proceed given
 - Travel lanes and shoulders-(FDOT District 2 only) cleared





Questions







 http://www.dot.state.fl.us/trafficoperations/Tr af_Incident/pdf/2010_2011AnnualRISCReport FINAL.pdf

