A Call to Multi-Agency Responders to Support Your Local Traffic Incident Management (TIM) Team

The Facts of Traffic Incident Management
50 - 60% of congestion is caused by incidents. Incident-caused congestion nears $80 Billion annually; with the Sarasota area cost totaling $198 Million. 13 - 30% of crashes are secondary incidents. Responder injuries are significant.

How Traffic Incident Management (TIM) Teams Started
Starting in January 1985, and for about ten years, the Freeway Operations Committee and the Travelers Services Committee of the Transportation Research Board (TRB) sponsored the Freeway Incident Management (FIM) Specialties Conferences. Later, the Law Enforcement Committee also helped with the conferences. These conferences had presentations on how to manage and respond to freeway incidents and organized so the attendees from Multi-Agencies could review and study cases of actual freeway incidents that had previously occurred. FIM sessions usually provided time for 4 to 6 speakers to present how their states or cities planned for responding to freeway incidents when they occurred.

The FIM conference goal was to share information among organizations that would make the lost time to motorists shorter and roadways safer during periods of traffic disruptions.

Thirty Years Later, Multi-Agency Participation Remains the Key to Efficient TIM Teams
Traffic Incident management is the organized cooperative effort of multiple agencies to detect and verify incidents, respond and manage the scene, manage traffic and provide traveler information, and clear the incident as safely and quickly as possible.

Multi-Agency Teams is a Nation-Wide Approach to Organize Safer and More Efficient Incident Response
The TIM team includes a diverse group of multi-agencies and organizations which meet regularly to identify issues and develop improved incident management operations through Coordination, Communication and Cooperation. TIM teams are called upon to create long term plans for the sustained mutual benefit of all responders. TIM teams train together and use facilitation style to maximize participation. The idea is to foster institutional cooperation prior to arriving at an incident. TIM team meetings strive to provide value and relevant issues for discussion to participants.

Multi-Agency TIM Teams Identify Training and Improvement Opportunities
These improvements include: Free responder training, Incident detection/verification, Prompt effective response, Site management and safety, Best practices in traffic management during incidents, Motorist information, Safe but Quick clearance, and Improved communication, cooperation and coordination.

District 1 TIM Team Accomplishments
- Local Agency Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)
- Agency notification and resource guide
- Vehicle fluids and fuel spill policy
- Promotion of Emergency Stopping Sites for I-75
- Input on the median cross-over master plan
- Initiated and coordinated efforts to provide dedicated Troopers on Alligator Alley
- Formalized FHP procedure for expedited tow call-out
- Developed a TIM Team Web Site

District 1 TIM Team Goals
- Multi-Agency participation
- Multi-Agency Training
- Maintaining continuous improvement
- Putting the plans into action
- Sustaining the momentum
- Dealing with changing personnel
- Increasing pressure to improve

Polk County Team: (Meets Quarterly)
Polk County Sheriff’s Office Complex, Procap Room, 1891 Jim Keene Boulevard, Winter Haven, FL 33880. Next Meeting - October 9th at 10:00 a.m.

Sarasota/Manatee County Team: (Meets Bi-Monthly)
Manatee County Public Safety Center, 2101 47th Terrace East 2101, Bradenton Florida, 34203. Next meeting - August 11th at 1:30 p.m.

Collier/Lee/Charlotte County Team: (Meets Bi-Monthly)
SWIFT SunGuide Center, Conference Room A, 10041 Daniels Parkway Fort Myers, FL 33913. Next meeting August 12th at 9:30 a.m.

Please also visit the TIM Team website where you can access the latest information about the TIM team and the TIM industry: [http://www.swfltim.org/](http://www.swfltim.org/)

For more information or if you have any questions, please contact Bill Fuller, District-One TIM Coordinator at (239) 225-1915 and/or william.fuller@dot.state.fl.us.

Article submitted by William Fuller, District One Traffic Incident Management Project Manager.
Wrong Way Driving Epidemic—Part 2

In the March newsletter, we provided an overview of how significant wrong way driving incidents are and the rise in frequency over the recent years. We took a look at some shocking statistics and tried to pin point key factors that played a role when wrong way driving occurs. The state of Florida realizes the challenges in trying to prevent wrong way driving incidents, but the different districts and agencies are deploying projects to test their effectiveness.

Florida’s Turnpike Enterprise (FTE)

FTE conducted a wrong way driving study that consisted of analyzing crash reports, SunGuide event data, 9-1-1 call data, and FHP citation data to understand the hot spots along their system. As a result of the study, FTE decided on two locations for WWD countermeasures to be installed. The first location was on the northern section of the Homestead Extension of the Florida’s Turnpike (HEFT) from Exit 29 to Exit 47. The second location was on the Sawgrass Expressway in Broward County. The pilot project had a four-phased approach. (1)

- Phase 1: Signing and Pavement Marking improvements
- Phase 2: Mainline detection improvements
- Phase 3: Ramp Technology Installation
- Phase 4: SunGuide Software Enhancements

Phase 1 consisted of replacing the signage (Wrong Way, Do Not Enter, One Way, No Left/Right Turn signs, and Keep Right signs) with oversized sign panels. Additional wrong-way arrows were installed along the ramps as well. Phase 2 consisted of updating the existing mainline microwave detection units with a new device that can send an alert if a negative speed is detected. This alert would trigger an alarm and the vendor software would produce an alarm directly at the TMC.

Phase 3 is the implementation and operation of the ramp-based detection and deterrent system. This system included the deployment of LED-highlighted wrong way signage (see picture) with vehicle detection.

Phase 4 would consist of SunGuide software enhancements that automatically generate the DMS messages and locations based on the wrong way driving detection. This would help warn the traveling public of the dangers and to be cautious.

Florida Department of Transportation, District 3

District 3 has chosen four interchanges along I-10 to test different WWD countermeasures and their effectiveness. The focus is on additional signage, better sign placement, pavement markings, and vehicle activated LED blinker signs. The LED blinker signs in District 3 are slightly different than the Turnpike signs.

District 3 is using the following countermeasures to discourage wrong way movements: pavement marking channelization, ramp pull through pavement markings with color roadway shields, larger DO NOT ENTER and WRONG WAY signage, approach activated solar powered WRONG WAY LED signs, and large WRONG WAY sign panels on the back of existing guide sign trusses. (2)

Central Florida Expressway Authority (CFX)

CFX, in conjunction with University of Central Florida (UCF) had headed up their pilot project by analyzing their system and determining the best locations for their pilot. UCF helped choose five strategic locations that had numerous past occasions of wrong way driving incidents: SR 408 at Hiwassee Rd (2 deployments), SR 408 at Kirkman Rd (2 deployments), and SR 528 at SR 520 (1 deployment).

CFX deployed the pilot project with two systems. The primary system at each site automatically triggers wrong way signs with color roadway shields, larger DO NOT ENTER and WRONG WAY signage, approach activated solar powered WRONG WAY LED signs, and large WRONG WAY sign panels on the back of existing guide sign trusses. (3)


Article Submitted by Metric Engineering, Inc. – Jessica Renfrow E.I.